

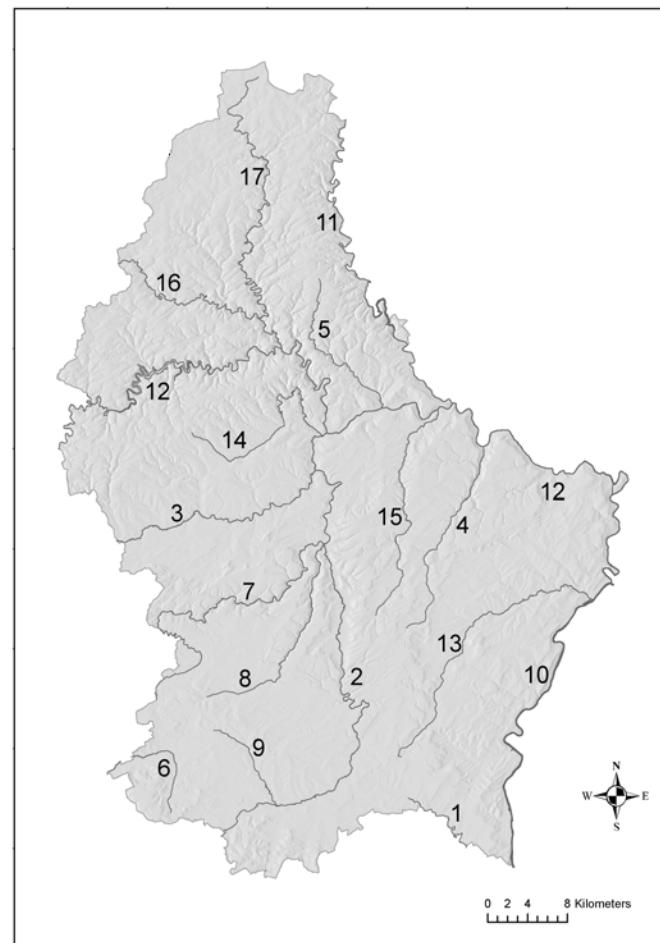
# Distribution of selected neophytes along the main rivers of Luxembourg (I)

Manou Pfeiffenschneider, efor-ersa ingénieurs-conseils, Luxembourg. manou.pfeiffenschneider@efor-ersa.lu  
 Philipp Gräser, efor-ersa ingénieurs-conseils, Luxembourg. philipp.graeser@efor-ersa.lu  
 Christian Ries, Department of Ecology, National Museum of Natural History, Luxembourg. cries@mnhn.lu

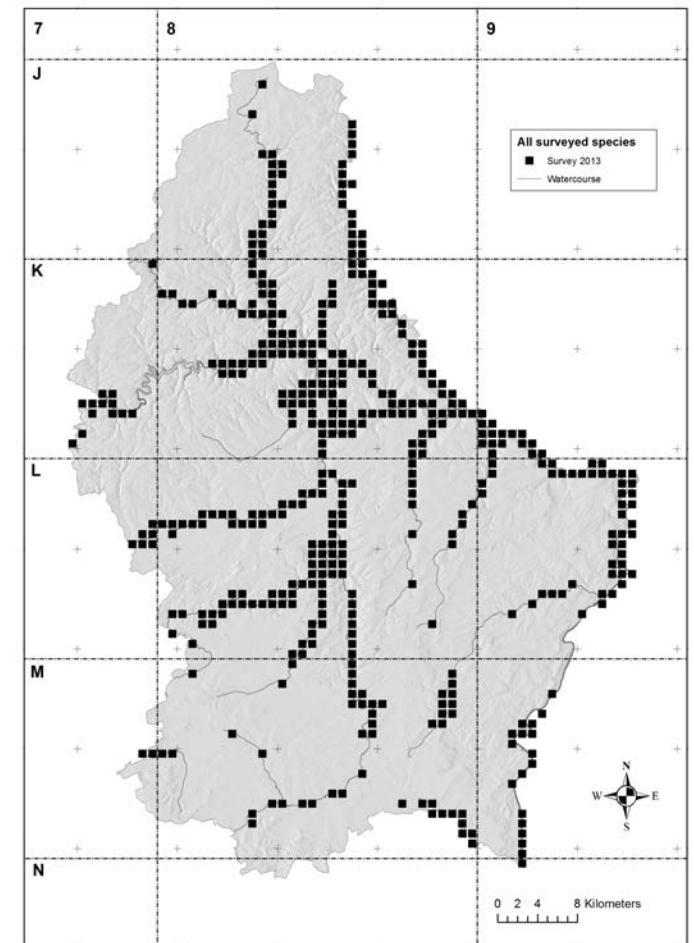
This poster presents the results of a systematic inventory of the following invasive alien plant species conducted along the main rivers of Luxembourg [Fig. 1] in 2013: summer lilac (*Buddleja davidii*) [Fig. 3], Japanese knotweed (*Fallopia japonica*) [Fig. 4], Sakhalin knotweed (*Fallopia sachalinensis*) [Fig. 5] and their hybrid (*Fallopia × bohemica*), Jerusalem artichoke (*Helianthus tuberosus*) [Fig. 6], giant hogweed (*Heracleum mantegazzianum*) [Fig. 7], Himalayan balsam (*Impatiens glandulifera*) [Fig. 8], small balsam (*Impatiens parviflora*) [Fig. 9], staghorn sumac (*Rhus typhina*) [Fig. 10] and black locust (*Robinia pseudoacacia*) [Fig. 11].

The results show that all the investigated rivers are colonized by at least one of the studied species [Fig. 2]. The rivers Alzette and Sûre (Sauer) are the most affected, with ten resp. nine out of the ten of the species considered, and very dense populations in many sites. *Impatiens glandulifera* [Fig. 8] is the most common of the investigated species.

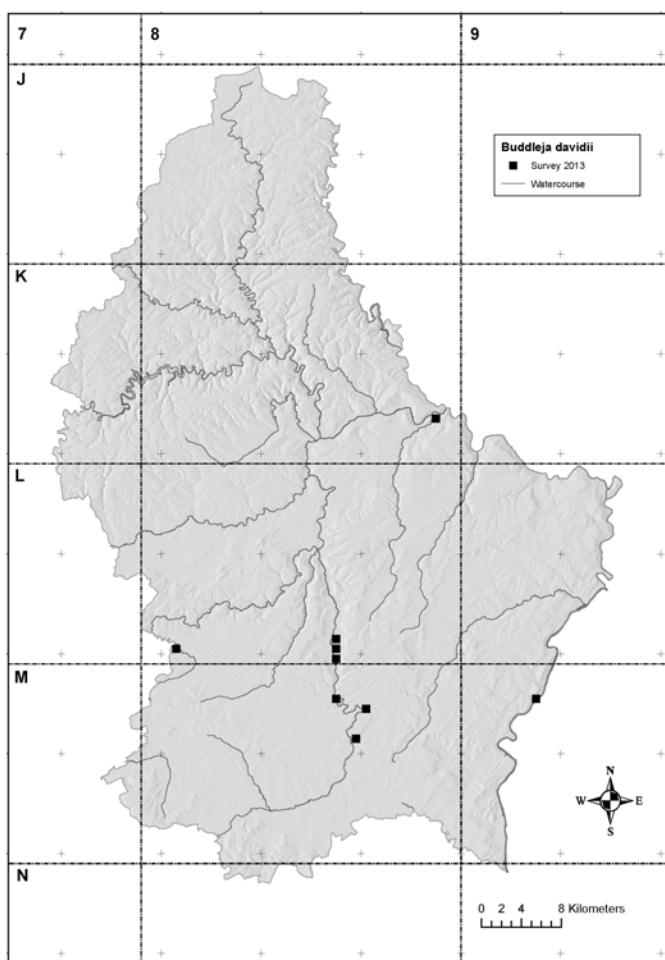
Compared to a former inventory back in 2007-2008, *Fallopia* spp. and *Impatiens glandulifera* continued to expand along the river network, whereas the distribution of *Heracleum mantegazzianum* [Fig. 7] sharply declined due to the eradication measures undertaken by various stakeholders.



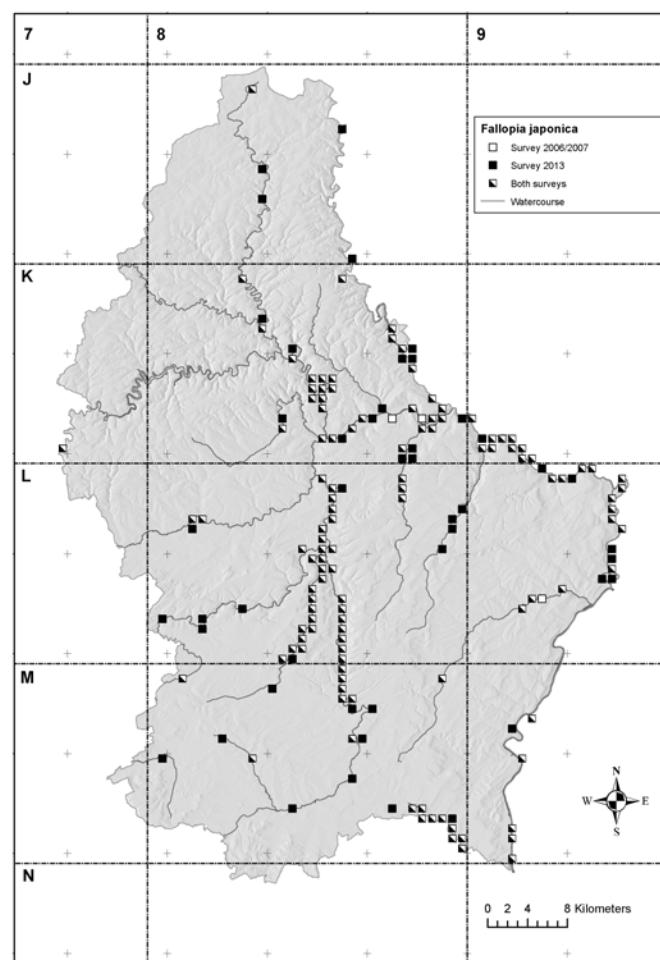
**Fig. 1. Localization of the main rivers of Luxembourg:** 1. Aalbaach / Gander. 2. Alzette. 3. Attert. 4. Black Ernz. 5. Blees. 6. Chiers. 7. Eisch. 8. Mamer. 9. Mess. 10. Moselle. 11. Our. 12. Sûre. 13. Syre. 14. Wark. 15. White Ernz. 16. Wiltz. 17. Woltz / Clerve



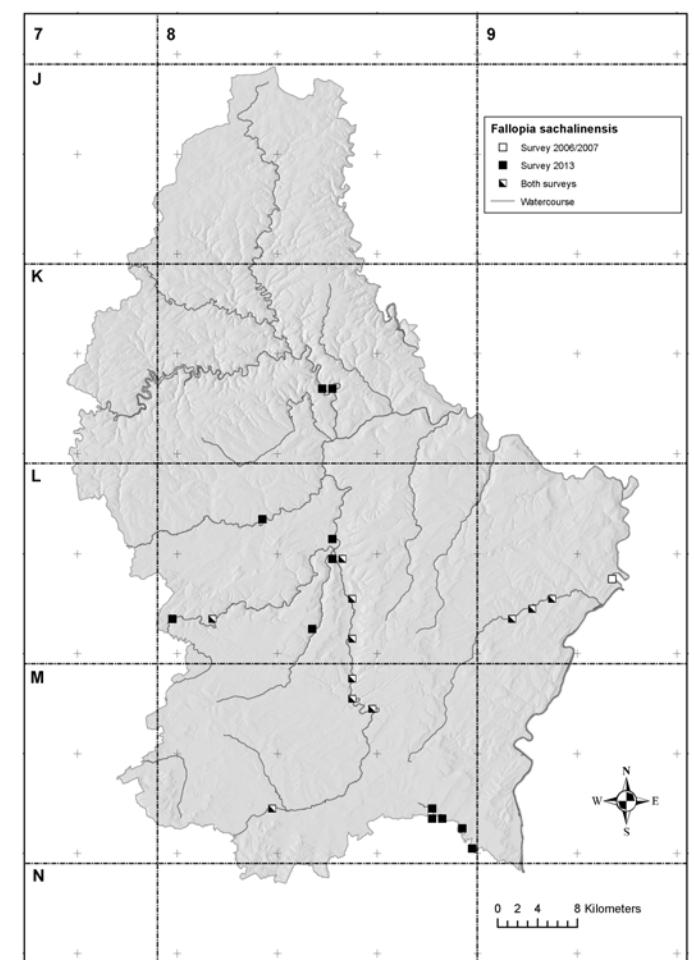
**Fig. 2. Merged occurrence of all surveyed neophytes along the main rivers of Luxembourg in 2013.**



**Fig. 3. Distribution of *Buddleja davidii* along the main rivers of Luxembourg (2013)**



**Fig. 4: Distribution of *Fallopia japonica* along the main rivers of Luxembourg in 2006/2007 and 2013.**



**Fig. 5: Distribution of *Fallopia sachalinensis* along the main rivers of Luxembourg in 2006/2007 and 2013.**



*Buddleja davidii*



*Fallopia japonica*



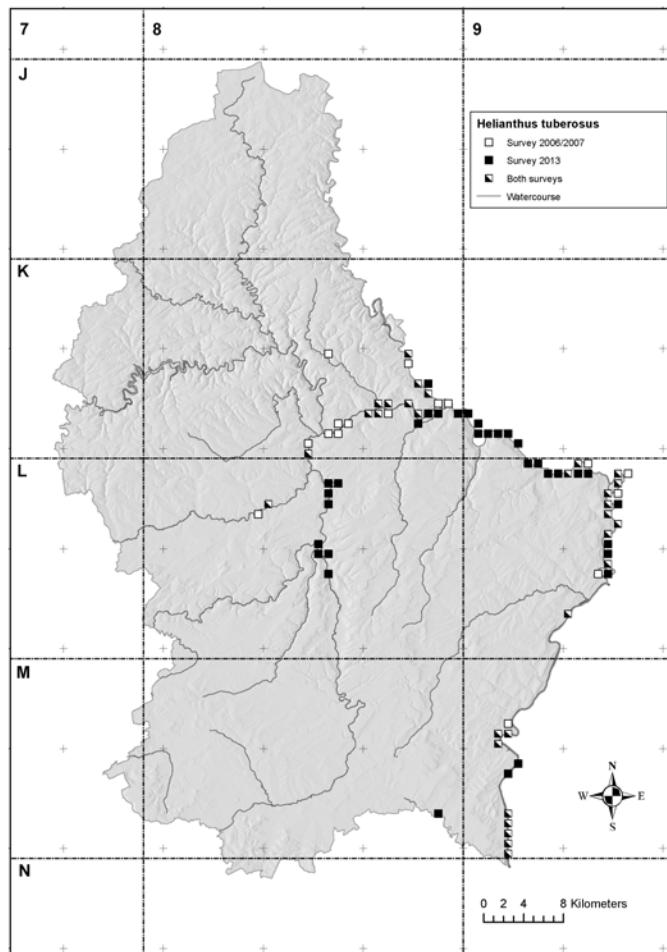
*Helianthus tuberosus*



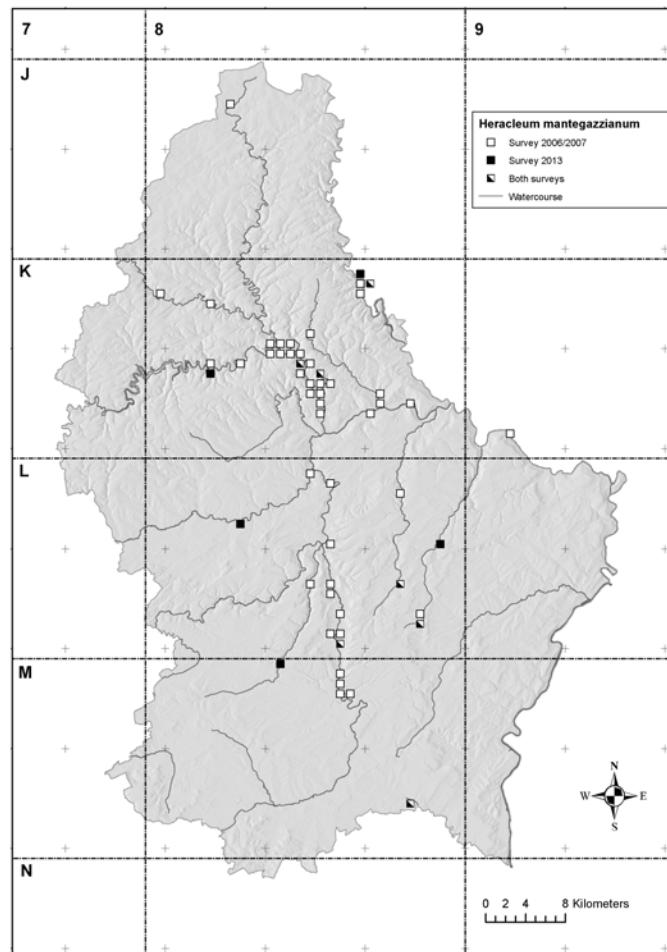
*Heracleum mantegazzianum*

# Distribution of selected neophytes along the main rivers of Luxembourg (II)

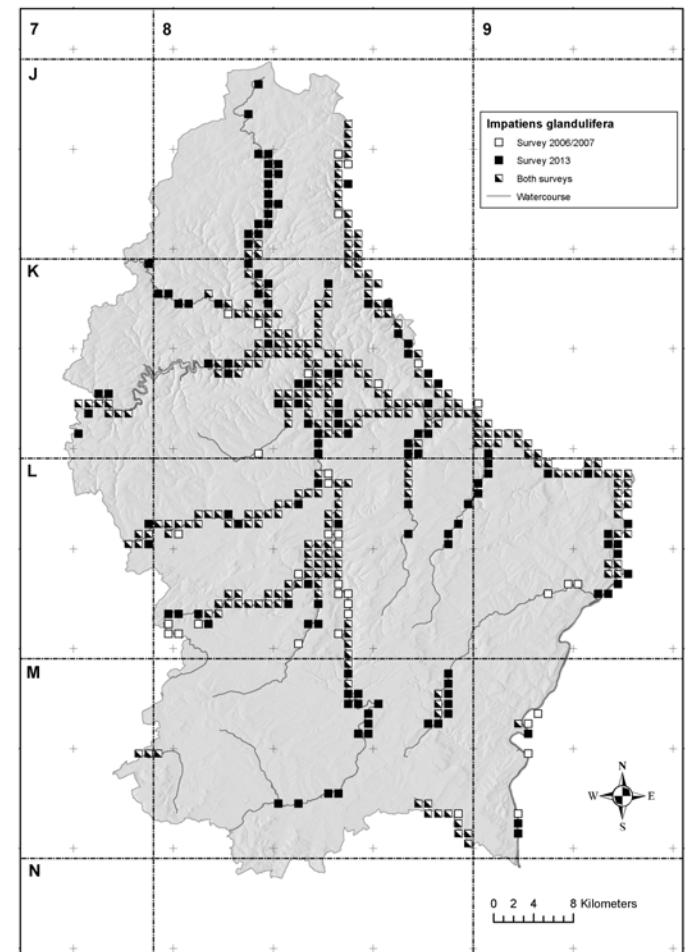
Manou Pfeiffenschneider, efor-ersa ingénieurs-conseils, Luxembourg. manou.pfeiffenschneider@efor-ersa.lu  
 Philipp Gräser, efor-ersa ingénieurs-conseils, Luxembourg. philipp.graeser@efor-ersa.lu  
 Christian Ries, Department of Ecology, National Museum of Natural History, Luxembourg. cries@mnhn.lu



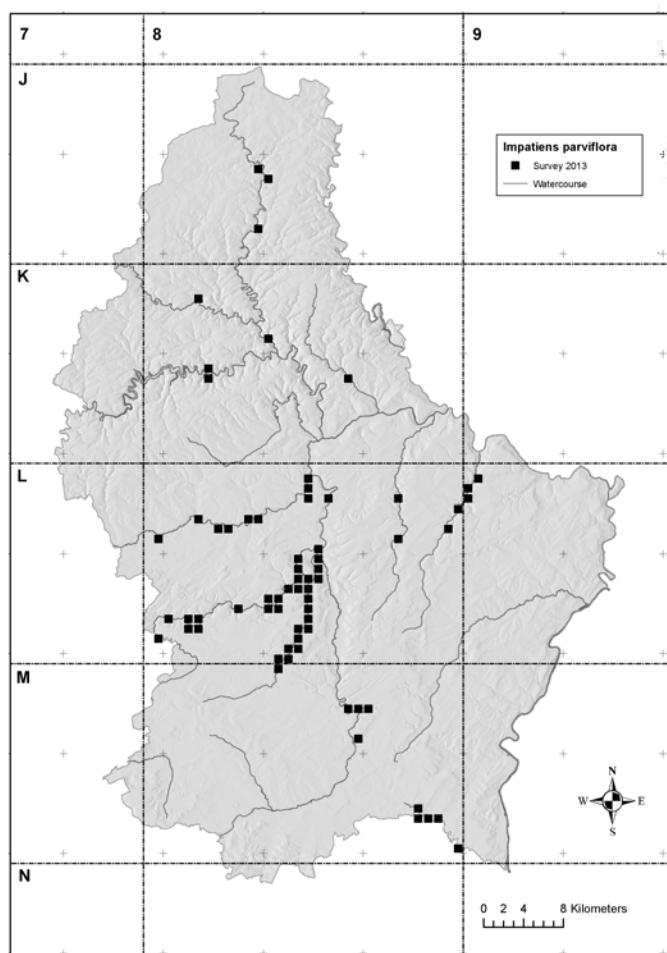
**Fig. 6.** Distribution of *Helianthus tuberosus* along the main rivers of Luxembourg in 2006/7 and 2013.



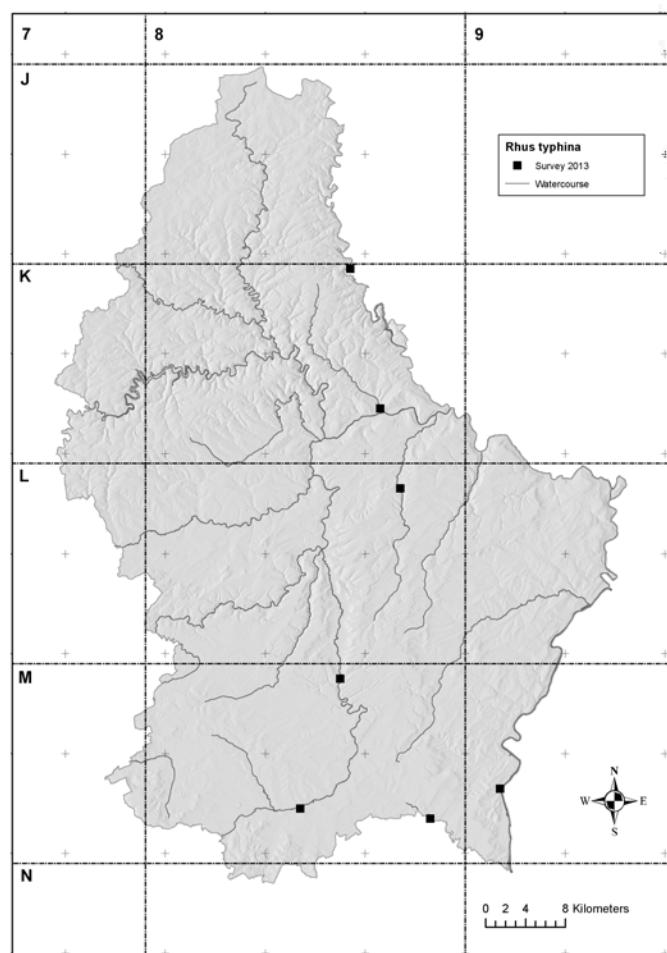
**Fig. 7.** Distribution of *Heracleum mantegazzianum* along the main rivers of Luxembourg in 2006/7 & 2013.



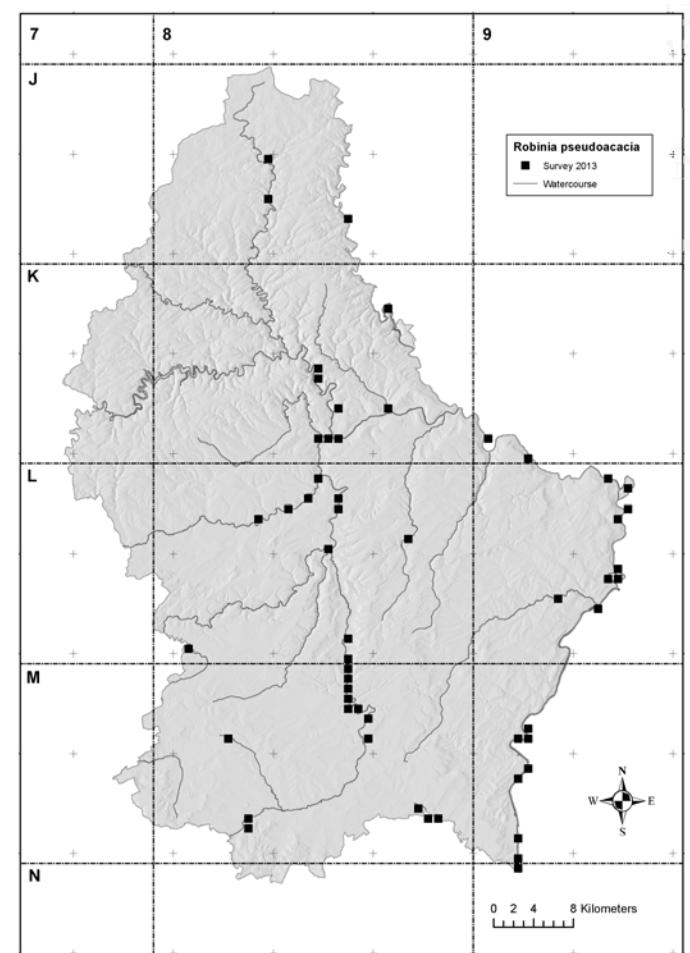
**Fig. 8.** Distribution of *Impatiens glandulifera* along the main rivers of Luxembourg in 2006/7 and 2013.



**Fig. 9.** Distribution of *Impatiens parviflora* along the main rivers of Luxembourg (2013).



**Fig. 10:** Distribution of *Rhus typhina* along the main rivers of Luxembourg (2013)



**Fig. 11.** Distribution of *Robinia pseudoacacia* along the main rivers of Luxembourg (2013)



*Impatiens glandulifera*



*Impatiens parviflora*



*Rhus typhina*



*Robinia pseudoacacia*